

GP Beijing 2013 Travel Guide!

北京大奖赛旅行指南

General information

Time Zone: GMT +8

Language: Chinese (Spoken: Mandarin, Written: Simplified Script)

Most people on the street won't be able to speak English to you, so please prepare well, or call one of your friends in emergency.

Currency: RMB (Yuan) with symbol Υ

Exchange is not very convenient within the city, given that most banks are usually choked with long queues and accept only large bills. It's recommended to make exchange at the airport.

Though credit cards issued by international issuers are accepted by some (but not ALL) stores, generally speaking they are not very useful in China, you will have to pay in cash most times.

There is no tips in China, please don't give tips.

Electricity:

220V AC. Most hotels use universal plugs, or you may see this as well.





Public Transportation:

Public transportation is VERY cheap in Beijing. It's highly recommended to get a metro card (available at the airport subway station) so you don't have to line up for tickets or keep changes on you. Initial purchase of the card costs ± 40 , including a card deposit of ± 20 , which you can get it back when returning it at the airport. The rest amount (± 20) is stored in your card that you can use to pay for transportation fare. You may charge it with any amount as your wish (as long as it's multiples of ten).

Subway is Y_2 per ride no matter how many stops you are taking. Bus are either Y_1 or sometimes by distance, but you get 60% off when using the card (yes, you are paying only $Y_{0.4}$ for a bus ticket, which is around 0.05 Euro!)

Beijing has a subway development plan for year 2020, so there are many new line under construction each year. There is a separate file to show current map.

WARNING:

traffic can be VERY BAD in Beijing, especially during rush hours. It's highly recommended to take public transportation during this time, even if taxi is seemingly relatively cheaper.

How to get to the staff hotel:

The staff hotel is Jinma Spring Hotel (金码 大酒店). This hotel is around 2km away from the event site, see next page on directions between this hotel and event site.

There is a subway line goes from the airport to city at cost of \cong 25, you can use the metro card. There are also buses at the airport too at \cong 16 per person, you have to buy a ticket at the counter.



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From airport:

Method 1:

Take airport express subway to SANYUANQIAO(三元桥) station, switch to line 10 to XITUCHENG(西土城) station. Then you can either take bus 490/478/392 for 4 stops north to JINGSHUYUAN(静淑苑) stop and walk over, or take a taxi from the subway station which should be less than ¥15 (3km). See map on right.

Method 2:

Take a taxi from the airport, should be under \pm 100 for the trip, but beware of rush hour, it may take much longer during certain hours of the day.

Method 3:

Take airport bus 6 to the last stop at Olympic Village (奥运村), then either take bus 628/419/913, or take a taxi for around ¥10 (2.6km). See map below.



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How to get to the event site:

Event site for this event is the stadium at University of Science and Technology of China (中国 科技大学体育馆).

Taxi is the most efficient way to get to the event site from staff hotel, since it's around 2km away. Cost between the site and hotel should be under 10. Keep in mind about traffic.

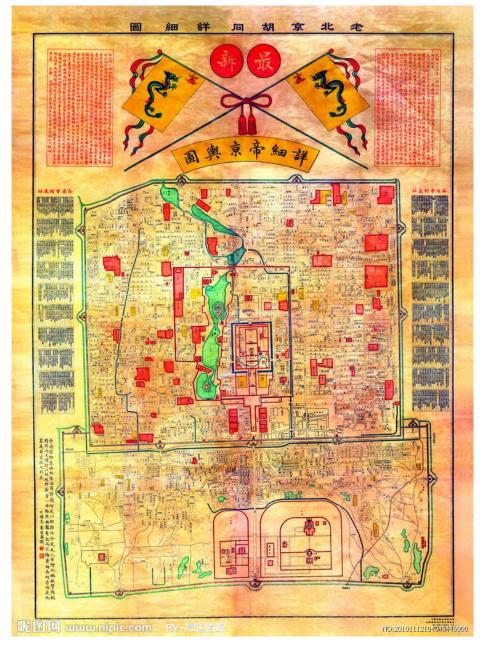
Buses will take more than 40min on the way as well as more than 1km walking, so we do not recommend talking buses.



If you are coming from the subway, take line 13 to WUDAOKOU station, then either take a taxi or bus 86 for 3 stops, then walk for 600m. (See map below.)



City Structure of Beijing



When you look at the locations of Beijing, you see a lot of "men" (gates) here. Well, you see a lot of "-men" on the street, but the "men" you see on the map means gates in Chinese (\square), they are where the original city gates used to be.

The original Beijing city (also spelt as Peking before) includes the Forbidden City (the Imperial Palace), the inner city and the outer city. The inner city has nine gates, and the outer city has seven gates.

Though Beijing is a much bigger city now, the Forbidden City is still the center of Beijing, with the second ring round along where the old city wall used to be, and subway line 2 under where the inner city wall used to be.

Sightseeing Recommendations The Tiananmen Square (天安门广场)



The Tiananmen Square is the center of Beijing, as well as a symbol for the People's Republic of China.

The Monument to the People's Heroes towers over the center of the square. To its south lies Chairman Mao's Memorial Hall (opens Tuesday to Sunday 8:30AM to 11:30AM, as well as Tuesday and Thursday 2PM to 4PM. It requires ID verification, so please have your passport on you if you want to go there).

The Chinese Revolutionary Museum and the Chinese History Museum stand to the east of the square, the Great Hall of the People to the west and the magnificent Heavenly Peace Gate (aka. Tiananmen) to the north. The Gate Tower is adjoined on its left side by the Zhongshan Park and on the right side by the Working People's Palace of Culture. Opposite the tower in the far south is the Zhengyang Gate Tower. These fine and unique buildings arranged in perfect harmony add greater beauty and grandeur to the Tiananmen Square.

You will be able to go south to the Qianmen street, and north to the forbidden city from the Tiananmen Square.

Note: The Chinese national flag is always raised along with sunrise at the Tiananmen Square. If you want to see flag raising ceremony, it will be a little after 5AM on May 10th; all traffics will be stopped at that time.

Warning: Tiananmen square is a very sensitive location with security checks.

Direction:

Subway Line 1: TIANANMEN WEST, TIANANMEN EAST Subway Line 2: QIANMEN

The Palace Museum (故宫) CLOSE AT 5PM



The Palace Museum is also known as the Forbidden City. This is the heart of Beijing, and was where the emperor used to live and work. The museum is directly to the north of the Tiananmen Square, though the Tiananmen gate tower.

NOTE: You can only enter from the south entrance and leave from the north exit. There will be a lot of black taxi try to give you a ride, don't take them. Bus 109, 101, 619 and 609 will all take you to DONGSI station on line 5, or bus 609 on the north side of the street will take you to BEIHAI NORTH on line 6.

Direction:

Subway Line 1: TIANANMEN WEST, TIANANMEN EAST

The Qianmen Street (前门大街)



The commercial street took shape about 570 years ago and reached its peak of importance in the 1920s and 1930s, garlanded with restaurants, theaters, silk stores and tea houses. It was renovated right before the Olympics.

Direction:

Subway Line 2: QIANMEN

Nan Luo Gu Xiang(南锣鼓巷)



This is a very small street, but it gathered a lot of restaurants, bars, small food counters and other shops. Be ware that sometimes you have a line up for a while in order to get the food your are looking for.

NOTE: the south entrance is under construction for subway connection, you will be able to find it by following other people.

Direction:

Subway Line 6: NANLUOGUXIANG



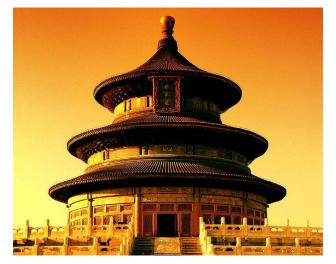
The Yonghe Lama Temple (雍和宫) CLOSE AT 5PM

The Tibet lama temple located within Beijing city, also one of the largest Buddhism temple in the city.

Direction:

Subway Line 2 or 5: YONGHEGONG Lama Temple

The Temple of Heaven (天坛) SIGHTS CLOSE AT 5PM



Tian Tan, or the Temple of Heaven, is where dynastic rulers in China used to worship the heaven. The temple plus subsidiary buildings and a surrounding garden covers an area five times the size of the Forbidden City. As Chinese emperors called themselves *Tianzi*, or the son of heaven, they had to cede supremacy to the heaven in terms of abiding.

Direction:

Subway Line 5: TIANTANDONGMEN

The Summer Palace (颐和园) CLOSE AT 6PM, CLEAR AT 8PM



The Summer Palace was first built in 1153 and served as an imperial palace for short stays away from the capital. Empress Dowager Cixi rebuilt it in 1888 with a large sum of money which had been appropriated to build a Chinese navy. This rebuilding of the Summer Palace directly made the country go down.

Direction:

Subway Line 4: BEIGONGMEN

The Great Wall of China(长城) CLOSE AT 7PM



One of the seven wonders in the world!

The Great Wall of China is an ancient Chinese fortification built in order to protect China from raids by the Mongols and Turkic tribes. The majority of the existing wall was reconstructed from the end of the 14th century until the beginning of the 17th century, during the Ming Dynasty,. It was preceded by several walls built since as early as the 3rd century BC. The Wall stretches over a formidable 6,350 km (3,946 miles).

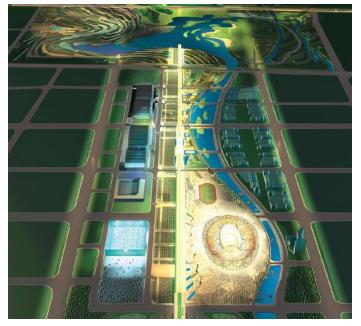
You are not going to see the entire wall with one trip, but there are people who spent weeks to walk along the wall. There are several tourist points along the wall, Ba Da Ling (八达岭) is the easiest one to go with public transportation.

NOTE: it may take almost the entire day to go since the wall is fairly far away from the city. If you have the metro card, you don't have to line up for the train ticket.

Direction:

Subway Line 2 or 4 or 13: XIZHIMEN then transfer to tour train S2 (Train nos. S2XX) for Yanqing at Beijing North Station, leave at Badaling Station (single journey ticket for the tour train: \pm 6)

The Olympic Park (奥林匹克公园) CLOSE AT 8PM



The stadiums used for 2008 Beijing Olympic. The two major ones are the "bird nest" stadium and the "water cube" swimming center.

Direction: Subway Line 8: Olympic Sports Center

The Back Sea (后海)



The lake next to the forbidden city had been divided into four parts – the south sea, the middle sea, the north sea and the back sea. The part contains the south and middle sea is where the centre government locate; the north sea is a large park locate to the north west of the forbidden city. The back sea however is known to have the best modern life in Beijing. There are a lot of bars, restaurants and shops around this area, best to go during evening.

Direction: Subway Line 6: BEIHAI North

Recommended Route For One Day

Start with the Tiananmen Square area, go south to Qianmen street (optional), then north to the forbidden city. After exist from the north exist, turn left for a bit, you can enter the North Sea (Beihai) park. You can spend some time in the park, then to the north exist where the Back Sea is. Take subway line 6 for 1 stop to Nan Luo Gu Xiang (at NANLUOGUXIANG station) for some food.

WARNING: do not take taxi from the north exit of the Forbidden City, nor the rickshaw tours. You may want to have some food with you since there is no real food until you reach the Back Sea.

If you have more time, then the great wall is you best choice; if you leave early and come back afternoon, you may have time to go to other sights, such like the Olympic Park.



Please print this page and keep it with you.

Emergency numbers: Edwin: (+86) 13683228679 Shane: (+86) 18616029866

• In case you get lost, try to ask someone who looks educated to borrow a phone, you can show him this:

我的朋友不会中文,他可能需要帮助,请您联系我,我的电话号码是 13683228679,非常感谢。 (My friend doesn't speak Chinese and he may need help, please contact me,

(My friend doesn't speak Chinese and he may need help, please contact me, my number is 13683228679, thank you very much.)

• In case you need to take a taxi back, show this to the driver:

请带他去学院路金码大酒店,他就能找回去了。 (Please take him to the Jinma Spring Hotel on Xueyuan street, he can find his way back from there.)

• In case you go to a restaurant without a picture menu:

请给我一份英文菜单。 (Please give me English menu.)

• In case they don't have one...

请给我一份主食和两个最受欢迎的菜。请先告诉我是什么做的以及价格。 (Please give me a main dish and two most popular dishes. Please let me know what is it and the price first.)

• In case you need to buy anything, if they don't have a price on it:

多少钱? (How much?)